

Introduction to the 3rd PRIMaRE Conference

PRIMaRE Annual Conference

The PRIMaRE annual conference provides a forum for exchanging latest research & development and fostering collaborations on Marine Renewable Energy. It covers a wide range of topics in marine renewable energy, including: technology, policy, environment, hydrodynamics, resource characterisation, materials, operation and management, etc.

The PRIMaRE annual conference is a two days event, held usually around May-July, where the network showcases the specialised research, conducted among the different partner institutions, among the industry and the wider academic sector.

The 3rd PRIMaRE Conference

The 3rd PRIMaRE Conference will take place at the University of Bath on the 5th and 6th of July 2016

Conference Venue: Registration desk will be at 4W Foyer, on the 1st floor of the building 4W.

Tea/coffee/lunch and post displays will be at 4W Foyer as well. The conference talks will be held in the room 6W1.1, which is only 1 minute of walking from 4W Foyer.

How to find us: http://www.bath.ac.uk/travel-advice/location-maps/

Getting to the city of Bath:

http://www.bath.ac.uk/travel-advice/getting-to-the-city-of-bath/index.html

Campus map: <u>http://www.bath.ac.uk/travel-advice/pdf/campus-flat-map-with-key.pdf</u>

Bus travel to the University of Bath:

http://www.bath.ac.uk/travel-advice/bus-travel/index.html

Walking to the University of Bath:

http://www.bath.ac.uk/travel-advice/walking/index.html



About Bath

Bath is a World heritage City. It ticks pretty much all the boxes for a perfect short break. With sweeping, honey-stone Georgian crescents and terraces spread over a green and hilly bowl, it's a strong contender for England's most beautiful small city.

It has a fascinating and easily accessible history, from the Roman Baths to the life and times of onetime resident Jane Austen. Its state-of-the-art Thermal Bath Spa complex, which opened in 2006, allows visitors the pleasing continuity of wallowing in the hot, mineral-rich spring-waters in much the same way the Romans did 2,000 years ago.

Attractions

- For a general guide to Bath go to: <u>visitbath.co.uk</u> lots of ideas and deals, and a good "What's on" section.
- The Bath Visitor Information Centre is at Abbey Chambers, Abbey Churchyard, Bath, BA1 1LY; open 9.30am-5.30pm Mon-Sat, 10am-4pm Sun.
- The <u>Roman Baths</u>, constructed around 70 AD as a grand bathing and socialising complex. It is now one of the best preserved Roman remains in the world. This great temple and bathing complex still flows with natural hot water.
- The **Bath Abbey** is one of the largest examples of Perpendicular Gothic architecture in the West Country.
- The <u>Royal Crescent</u>: it is among the greatest examples of Georgian architecture to be found in the United Kingdom.
- The <u>Pulteney Bridge</u> crosses the <u>River Avon</u> in Bath, England. Designed by Robert Adam in a Palladian style, it is exceptional in having shops built across its full span on both sides.
- <u>Pulteney Weir</u> is a triumph both visually and acoustically. Its steps, three great crescents cascading across the Avon, are rims of foam in sparkling contrast to the quiet water above them reflecting Pulteney Bridge.
- The <u>Circus</u> is an example of Georgian architecture in the city of Bath.
- Museums and galleries
- Jane Austen Centre, for a snapshot of life during Regency times and explore how living in Bath affected Jane's life and writing.
- The **Pump Room**, was built in 1795, remains at the social heart of the city.
- The assembly rooms, elegant public rooms at the heart of fashionable 18th-century Bath life.



- **Prior Park**, one of only four Palladian bridges of this design in the world can be crossed at Prior Park. The garden is set in a sweeping valley where visitors can enjoy magnificent views of Bath.
- **<u>Stonehenge</u>** is one of the most iconic prehistoric monuments in Europe. This imposing and fascinating stone circle was built in the late Neolithic period around 2,500 BC.
- Longleat, go wild in the UK's No.1 Safari Park.
- <u>Lacock</u>: the village is owned almost in its entirety by the <u>National Trust</u>, and attracts many visitors by virtue of its unspoiled appearance. The village has been used as a film and television set, notably for the 1995 BBC production of Pride and Prejudice, the 2007 BBC production of Cranford.

Travel and Transport

- Bath is compact, though hilly. If you stay somewhere reasonably central, you may well decide to walk everywhere. Abbey Taxis (01225 444444) is a reliable taxi firm. Fares on regular buses (<u>firstgroup.com</u>) have recently come down, but can still be annoyingly expensive.
- For a lazy overview of the city, take a hop-on, hop-off open-top bus tour: **<u>bathbuscompany.com</u>**.
- Bath has a new self-service bike rental scheme, with pick-up/drop-off points at nine locations: see **nextbike.co.uk**.
- There are several free walking tours of Bath. The Mayor of Bath's Corps of Honorary Guides (bathguides.org.uk) offers guided two-hour walks, at least once a day, they are very positively reviewed. You can also download audio walking tours of Jane Austen's Bath and the city's highlights from visitbath.co.uk on to an iPod, iPhone or MP3 player.
- <u>Bus</u> or <u>train</u>